Town of Fort Myers Beach Agenda Item Summary

Blue Sheet Number: 2024-1373

1. Requested Motion:

Meeting Date: December 18, 2023

Second Reading and Final Public Hearing of an Ordinance entitled: AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH, FLORIDA AMENDING CHAPTER 34, ARTICLE V., DIVISION 2, SECTION 34-3238 POST-DISASTER BUILDBACK; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; CODIFICATION; SCRIVENER'S ERRORS; CONFLICTS OF LAW AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

Why the action is necessary:

This is a second hearing for adoption but changes to the proposed language can be made at this hearing.

What the action accomplishes:

This discussion will provide improvements to the proposed language.

| 2. Agenda: | 3. Requirement/Purpose: | 4. Submitter of Information: |
|-----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| PUBLIC HEARINGS | Ordinance | Sarah Propst, Planning & |
| | | Zoning |

5. Background:

Staff has been asked to provide some options to amend to the Post-Disaster Buildback policy. This policy is found in Section 34-3238 of the LDC and allows a property owner to redevelop a structure that exceeds current allowable density. The language allows the existing legal number of units to be rebuilt but the existing square footage may not increase, and the property must be brought into compliance with building and flood requirements if the damage exceeds 50% of the value of the property. Currently the code states: "For the purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking and similar common or non-air-conditioned space." This limitation decreases the amount of usable square footage for a rebuild of structures.

Attachments:

- 1. 23-18, Post Disaster Buildback ns edits
- 2. 23-18 Business Impact Estimate Ordinance 23-18 (Post Disaster Buildback) ns edits
- 3. Post Disaster Buildback memo
- 4. RE_ 9604737 For legal publication on or before_ Friday, December 8, 2023 Ord. 23-18 Post Disaster Buildback
- 5. Exhibit A Proposed Language
- 6. Exhibit B Existing PDB

Financial Impact:

unknown

6. Alternative Action

Provide feedback on language and approve.

7. Management Recommendations:

Provide input and adopt.

8. Recommended Approval:

Sarah Propst, Planning & Zoning Frankie Kropacek, Operations & Compliance Director Nancy Stuparich, Town Attorney Amy Baker, Town Clerk Andy Hyatt, Town Manager

Created/Initiated - 12/8/2023 Approved - 12/8/2023 Approved - 12/8/2023 Approved - 12/12/2023 Final Approval - 12/12/2023

ORDINANCE NO. 23-18

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH, FLORIDA AMENDING CHAPTER 34, ARTICLE V, DIVISION 2, SECTION 34-3238 POST-DISASTER BUILDBACK; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; CODIFICATION; SCRIVENER'S ERRORS; CONFLICTS OF LAW AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, Florida Statutes provide that municipalities shall have the governmental, corporate, and proprietary powers to enable them to conduct municipal government, perform municipal functions, and render municipal service, and exercise any power for municipal purposes, except when expressly prohibited by law; and

WHEREAS, Article X of the Town Charter of the Town of Fort Myers Beach empowers the Town to adopt, amend, or repeal such ordinances and resolutions as may be required for the proper governing of the Town; and

WHEREAS, the Town recognizes that redevelopment of the Town, following Hurricane Ian requires evaluation, changes and updates to the Land Development Code; and

WHEREAS, a public hearing was held before the Local Planning Agency (LPA) on the 14th day of November, 2023, at which time the LPA gave full and complete consideration of the proposed ordinance, recommendations by staff, the documents in the record, and the testimony of all interested persons, and the LPA made a finding of consistency with the Ft. Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan and Land Development Code and thereafter voted 7-0, to recommend approval of the proposed ordinance amending Chapter 34, Article V, Division 2, Section 34-3238 Post-Disaster Buildback of the Land Development Code to the Town Council; and

WHEREAS, on the 4th day of December, 2023, the Town Council held a first reading of the proposed Ordinance and gave full and complete consideration to the proposed ordinance, the recommendation of the LPA, the recommendation of staff, the documents in the record, and the testimony of all interested persons; and

WHEREAS, on the ____ day of _____, 2023, an advertisement of the public hearing for adoption of the proposed ordinance was published 10 days prior to the second reading of the proposed Ordinance, as required by Section 166.041, Florida Statutes; and

WHEREAS, a Business Impact Estimate was prepared and posted on the City's website on the ______ day of ______, 2023, as required by Section 166.041(4), Florida Statutes; and

WHEREAS, on the <u>day of</u>, 2023, the Town Council held a public hearing and second reading of the proposed Ordinance; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council determined by a vote of _____ that adoption of the Ordinance is in the best interest of the health, safety and welfare of the public.

NOW THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDAINED BY THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH, FLORIDA:

Section 1. The above WHEREAS recitals are true and correct, and incorporated herein by this reference and are hereby adopted as the legislative and administrative findings of the Town Council.

Section 2. Chapter 34, Article V, Division 2, Section 34-3238 Post-Disaster Buildback is hereby amended to read as found in attached Exhibit A – Amended Sec. 34-3238.

<u>Section 3.</u> The Town Council intends that the provisions of this ordinance be made a part of the Fort Myers Beach Code of Ordinances, and that sections herein may be renumbered or re-lettered and the words or phrases herein may be changed to accomplish codification; regardless, typographical errors that do not affect intent may be corrected with notice to and authorization of the Town Manager without further process.

<u>Section 4.</u> Whenever the requirements or provisions of this ordinance conflict with the requirements or provisions of any other lawfully adopted ordinance or statute, the most restrictive shall apply.

<u>Section 5.</u> If any section, subsection, sentence, clause, or phrase of this ordinance is for any reason, declared by a court of competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, such decision will not affect the validity of the ordinance, or any part thereof, other than the part so declared.

<u>Section 6.</u> This ordinance shall become effective upon adoption by the Town Council.

The foregoing Ordinance was adopted by the Town Council upon a motion by Councilmember ______ and seconded by Councilmember ______ and upon being put to a roll call vote, the result was as follows:

Dan Allers, Mayor _____ Jim Atterholt, Vice Mayor _____ John R. King, Council Member _____ Bill Veach, Council Member _____ Karen Woodson, Council Member _____ ADOPTED this _____ day of December 2023, by the Town Council of the Town of Fort Myers Beach, Florida.

TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH

Dan Allers, Mayor

ATTEST:

Amy Baker, Town Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM AND LEGAL SUFFICIENCY FOR THE USE AND RELIANCE OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH ONLY:

Vose Law Firm, LLP, Town Attorney

EXHIBITS Exhibit A – Amended Sec. 34-3238



Business Impact Estimate

Proposed ordinance's title/reference: Ordinance 23-18 Post Disaster Buildback Amendment

This Business Impact Estimate is provided in accordance with section 166.041(4), Florida Statutes. If one or more boxes are checked below, this means the Town is of the view that a business impact estimate is not required by state law¹ for the proposed ordinance, but the Town is, nevertheless, providing this Business Impact Estimate as a courtesy and to avoid any procedural issues that could impact the enactment of the proposed ordinance. This Business Impact Estimate may be revised following its initial posting.

- The proposed ordinance is required for compliance with Federal or State law or regulation;
- The proposed ordinance relates to the issuance or refinancing of debt;
- □ The proposed ordinance relates to the adoption of budgets or budget amendments, including revenue sources necessary to fund the budget;
- □ The proposed ordinance is required to implement a contract or an agreement, including, but not limited to, any Federal, State, local, or private grant or other financial assistance accepted by the municipal government;
- The proposed ordinance is an emergency ordinance;
- The ordinance relates to procurement; or
- The proposed ordinance is enacted to implement the following:
 - a. Part II of Chapter 163, Florida Statutes, relating to growth policy, county and municipal planning, and land development regulation, including zoning, development orders, development agreements and development permits;
 - b. Sections 190.005 and 190.046, Florida Statutes, regarding community development districts;
 - c. Section 553.73, Florida Statutes, relating to the Florida Building Code; or
 - d. Section 633.202, Florida Statutes, relating to the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

In accordance with the provisions of controlling law, even notwithstanding the fact that an exemption noted above may apply, the Town hereby publishes the following information:

1. Summary of the proposed ordinance, (e.g. statement of the public purpose serving the public health, safety, morals and welfare):

The proposed ordinance amends the existing Section 34-3238 which applies to buildings with 50% or more damage. The amendment will allow the structure to be rebuilt with the same number of legally existing, but nonconforming units and allow some additional square footage, beyond what the code previously allowed.

¹ See Section 166.041(4)(c), Florida Statutes.

2. An estimate of the direct economic impact of the proposed ordinance on private, forprofit businesses in the Town, including the following, if any:

(a) An estimate of direct compliance costs that businesses may reasonably incur;

(b) Any new charge or fee imposed by the proposed ordinance or for which businesses will be financially responsible; and

(c) An estimate of the Town's regulatory costs, including estimated revenues from any new charges or fees to cover such costs.

There are unlikely to be direct compliance costs associated with Ordinance 23-18.

Ordinance 23-18 does not impose any new charge or fee on businesses.

There are no new charges or fees that will be imposed on businesses by the ordinance.

The Town will not likely incur additional costs.

3. Good faith estimate of the number of businesses likely to be impacted by the proposed ordinance:

The Town estimates that a dozen private, for-profit businesses in the Town would potentially be impacted by Ordinance 23-18. The impact should be positive for the business.

4. Additional information the governing body deems useful (if any): N/A

FMBgov.com __



Town of Fort Myers Beach COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

To:Town CouncilFrom:Sarah Propst, Community DevelopmentDate:December 18, 2023Re:Post Disaster Buildback Policy Discussion

BACKGROUND

Staff has been asked to provide some options to amend to the Post-Disaster Buildback policy. This policy is found in Section 34-3238 of the LDC and allows a property owner to redevelop a structure that exceeds current allowable density. The language allows the existing legal number of units to be rebuilt but the existing square footage may not increase, and the property must be brought into compliance with building and flood requirements if the damage exceeds 50% of the value of the property. Currently the code states: "For the purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking and similar common or non-air-conditioned space." This limitation decreases the amount of usable square footage for a rebuild of structures.

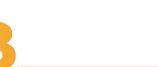
There is also a pre-disaster buildback policy that has been used to redevelop properties that exceed density, to bring them in compliance with flood and building code, in advance of storm damage. This code also disallows increasing the square footage although applicants have gone through the required residential planned development process and received additional square footage, in the past.

The Pre and Post-Disaster Buildback policies are also contained within the comprehensive plan as Policy 4-D-1. The attached proposed language does not run counter to the language in Policy 4-D-1.

TOWN COUNCIL DISCUSSION

At the October 5th, Town Council Management and Planning Meeting, post disaster buildback was discussed. The Town Council encouraged staff to provide language that allows the square footage of the footprint, including space that was unenclosed, such as garage, lanai or storage areas. The change would essentially allow the same size building as previously existed, raised above the base flood elevation and would not limit the usable space to only previous interior FORT MYERS BEACH ESTERO ISLAND

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space. The proposed change would allow the same number of units, the same number of bedrooms and the same number of bathrooms, except that bathrooms could be increased to match the number of bedrooms.

LPA DISCUSSION

At the November 14th LPA hearing the LPA recommended several changes to the proposed language before you:

- Adding the following language to 34-3238(2)d: If the additional square footage gained does not provide adequate space to meet building or ADA codes, additional space may be allocated for that purpose.
- Removal of the limit of room numbers and bathrooms from the residential (2)d.
- The LPA voiced a desire for the Post Disaster Buildback to allow new structures with the same number of units without limitation on the allowable square footage, only meeting the bulk standards of the zoning district.
- Include further explanation for the square footage per the roofline measurement in the ordinance. **Staff has included this change already.**
- Prior to the meeting staff was approached by a condominium association asking if the language could be clarified to state that the number of bathrooms means full baths, not half baths. Staff has included this change already.

TOWN COUNCIL DEC. 4TH DISCUSSION

At the December 4th hearing, several changes were requested, including an additional graphic. These changes and the graphic are included in the attached proposed language.

LANGUAGE FOR DISCUSSION

The language provided to you today allows all of the space within the previous roofline to be used toward unit space. This includes parking, storage, hallways and outdoor lanais that were covered by the roof. For residential structures, the number of rooms and units may not be increased but the square footage may be increased by using the additional space. For the purposed of hotels/motels the additional square footage may be used to create additional units

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but may not be used to increase over 49 rooms, if the hotel previously had fewer than 49 rooms.

This language encourages creative redesign to utilize space without increasing the size of the building a great deal. Some properties will get less of an increase in square footage, if, for instance there was no space below flood that was used for nonhabitable space. Does this go far enough to provide additional square footage to post disaster buildback structures?

The language change also allows for the director to reduce open space, parking, landscaping and buffer requirements if a structure being rebuilt through post disaster buildback is unable to meet those requirements and requests a reduction.

Please provide feedback regarding the proposed language and please provide feedack regarding the LPA's recommendations.

EXHIBITS

Exhibit A – Proposed Post Disaster Buildback Language Exhibit B – Existing Post Disaster Buildback Language

| From: | Gannett Legals Public Notices 4 | |
|--------------|---|--|
| To: | Amy Baker | |
| Cc: | Jason Freeman; Sarah Propst | |
| Subject: | RE: 9604737 For legal publication on or before: Friday, December 8, 2023 Ord. 23-18 Post Disaster Buildback | |
| Date: | Tuesday, December 5, 2023 11:42:14 AM | |
| Attachments: | image010.png | |
| | image011.png | |
| | image012.png | |
| | jmage013.png | |
| | image014.png | |
| | image015.png | |
| | jmage016.png | |
| Importance: | High | |

Hello,

Please read this email completely to ensure your proof/newspaper/run dates are accurate.

Your notice is scheduled to publish Dec 7 in the News Press. The total cost of your ad is \$150.72, which includes a publisher affidavit that will be mailed to you after the last date of publication. <u>Please review your proof carefully and advise of any</u> corrections (or cancellation) needed by 3 PM EST TODAY. Your notice is scheduled to run per your request, and will publish unless you advise otherwise – YOU WILL BE INVOICED VIA MAIL.

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS Notice is hereby given that the Town Council of the Town of Fort Myers Beach will hold a public hearing at a meeting beginning at 9:00 AM on 18, 2023 December regarding the ordinance listed below. This meeting and public hearings will take place Diamondhead Beach Resort, at the 2000 Estero Boulevard, Fort Myers Beach, FL 33931.

ORDINANCE NO. 23-18 DINANCE O TOWN AΝ ТНЕ EACH, () F ЭК DA AMENDING ORI V, 34, 34-3238 POST PROVIDING **DBACK**: CODIFICA-SEVERABILITY:

TION; SCRIVENER'S ERRORS; CONFLICTS OF LAW AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

any person should choose to decision made this at appeal C public hearing, such person would need a record of the proceedings, and for that purpose may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record indicates the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based.

Copies of the full ordinance text are available at Fort Myers Beach Town 239-765-0202 Hall Call for more information. Town Hall is open between the hours of 8:30 AM and Reasonable accommoda-4:30 PM. be made in accordance tions will with the Americans with Disabilities Act. If you are in need of reasonable accommodation, contact Town Hall at 239-765-0202. Dec 7, 2023

******** IMPORTANT ******** IMPORTANT *********

If you would like to utilize our NEW online self-serve ad portal to place your legal notices, please visit your local publication's online classifieds legal section. There, you can conveniently submit, preview, and pay for your

notices, anytime, 24/7.

Thank you,

Erin Oettinger Team Lead – Public Notices LocaliQ USATODAY Office: 844-254-5287

From: Amy Baker <Amy@fmbgov.com>
Sent: Tuesday, December 5, 2023 9:24 AM
To: LEGALS, FNP <FNPLEGALS@gannett.com>
Cc: Jason Freeman <JasonF@fmbgov.com>; Sarah Propst <sarah.propst@fmbgov.com>
Subject: 9604737 For legal publication on or before: Friday, December 8, 2023 Ord. 23-18 Post Disaster Buildback

Town of Fort Myers Beach Account #6543 (239) 765-0202 Publish on or before: Friday, October 6, 2023

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARINGS

Notice is hereby given that the Town Council of the Town of Fort Myers Beach will hold a public hearing at a meeting beginning at 9:00 AM on December 18, 2023 regarding the ordinance listed below. This meeting and public hearings will take place at the Diamondhead Beach Resort, 2000 Estero Boulevard, Fort Myers Beach, FL 33931.

ORDINANCE NO. 23-18

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF FORT MYERS BEACH, FLORIDA AMENDING CHAPTER 34, ARTICLE V, DIVISION 2, SECTION 34-3238 POST-DISASTER BUILDBACK; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; CODIFICATION; SCRIVENER'S ERRORS; CONFLICTS OF LAW AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

If any person should choose to appeal a decision made at this public hearing, such person would need a record of the proceedings, and for that purpose may need to ensure that a verbatim record of the proceedings is made, which record indicates the testimony and evidence upon which the appeal is to be based.

Copies of the full ordinance text are available at Fort Myers Beach Town Hall. Call 239-765-0202 for more information. Town Hall is open between the hours of 8:30 AM and 4:30 PM. Reasonable accommodations will be made in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act. If you are in need of reasonable accommodation, contact Town Hall at 239-765-0202.



Think Green. Please print this e-mail only if necessary.

Please Note: Florida has very broad public records laws. Most written communications to and from Fort Myers Beach officials regarding Town business are public records available to the public and media upon request. Your email communications may be subject to public disclosure.

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Sec. 34-3238. - Post-disaster buildback.

Owners of buildings or groups of buildings that exceed the density, intensity, or height limits for new buildings and that are damaged or destroyed by a-natural disaster, including fire, tropical storms, <u>floods</u>, and hurricanes, shall be permitted to replace those buildings at up to their <u>pre-disaster existing</u> lawful density, intensity, and/or height in accordance with Policy 4-D-1 of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan.

- (1) Less than 50 percent damage. If the cost to repair the damaged building is less than 50 percent of the building's value and the repair is thus not a "substantial improvement" as that term is defined in § 6-405 of this LDC, then the following rules shall apply:
 - a. The repairs may be made without bringing the building into full compliance with the requirements of this code for building size, dimension, location on the lot, number of dwelling units or guest units, building type, or compliance with floodplain regulations.
 - b. The repairs may not physically enlarge the building either laterally or vertically, with the following potential exception:
 - 1. During the repair process, owners may wish to elevate lawfully existing dwelling units or guest units that do not comply with the floodplain regulations in ch. 6 of this code.
 - 2. To encourage this elevation, the director may administratively modify setbacks, open space, buffer, or height requirements to the minimum extent that would accommodate rebuilding the units in conformance with ch. 6 of this LDC up to their existing interior square footage, as computed in accordance with subsections (2)d.1. or e.1 of this section.
 - 3. However, if the combined cost to repair the damage and elevate the units exceeds 50 percent of the building's value, then all provisions of subsection (2) of this section will apply.
 - c. All repairs must comply with all current building, life safety, and accessibility codes.
- (2) *More than 50 percent damage.* If the cost to repair or rebuild the damaged building is more than 50 percent of the building's value and is thus a "substantial improvement" as that term is defined in § 6-405 of this LDC, then the following rules shall apply:
 - a. The building must meet the floodplain regulations for new buildings, as provided in article IV of ch. 6 of this LDC.
 - b. The building must meet the coastal construction requirements that apply to new structures and portions thereof, as provided in article III of ch. 6 of this LDC and in state regulations. Due to these requirements, habitable major structures and most minor structures that are damaged by more than 50 percent must be rebuilt landward of the 1978 coastal construction control line.
 - c. The building must comply with all current building, life safety, and accessibility codes.
 - d. A property owner wishing to exceed the square footage limitations contained within the postdisaster buildback regulations, may be eligible to request additional square footage through a Commercial Planned Development or a Residential Planned Development.
 - d. *Residential buildings*. A rebuilt residential building may exceed the density limits for new buildings on vacant land but cannot exceed the legally documented number of dwelling units in the building immediately before the natural disaster.
 - 1. All dwelling units legally existing prior to the natural disaster may be rebuilt, provided the total interior square footage of the rebuilt dwelling units does not exceed the interior square footage of the previous dwelling units. For purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking, and similar common or non-air conditioned.

1. The total interior square footage above base flood elevation of the reconstructed building may not exceed the square footage of the total under roof square footage of the previous structure. The square footage under roof means the area within the perimeter of the roof, multiplied by the number of stories that existed prior to the disaster, including stories below flood elevation (See Fig. 34-35)

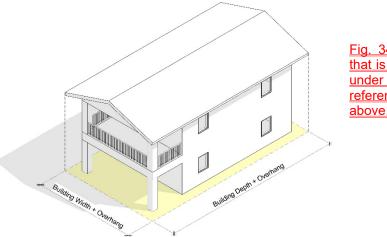


Fig. 34-35 Illustrates the area that is counted toward the total under roof square footage, as referenced in 34-3238.d.1. above.

- 2. At the owner's option, this same square footage can be used for fewer but larger dwelling units.
- Also at the owner's option, the number of dwelling units and the square footage of the new building may be determined by this code's current regulations for new buildings on the same site instead of using either the pre-disaster or post-disaster buildback regulations.
- 4. The number of bedrooms may not exceed the legally documented number of bedrooms in the dwelling unit immediately before the natural disaster. The number of full bathrooms may only be increased to equal the number of bedrooms in the structure.

(a) A property owner may request an increase in the number of bedrooms and bathrooms, through the special exception process.

- 5. Once additional square footage is added to the structure for post-disaster buildback, no additional below flood elevation square footage may be added for future disaster rebuilds.
- e. *Hotels/motels.* A rebuilt hotel/motel may exceed the intensity equivalency factor multiplier limits for new hotel/motel buildings on vacant land, but cannot exceed the documented number of lawful guest units square footage within the building footprint immediately before the natural disaster.
 - 1. All guest units lawfully existing prior to the natural disaster may be rebuilt, provided the total interior square footage of the rebuilt guest units does not exceed the interior square footage of the previous guest units. However, interior square footage in the new building may be increased by 30 square feet for each bathroom to reflect current code requirements for larger bathrooms, and any lawfully existing guest units that are smaller than the minimum sizes required by this code may be enlarged to meet the minimum size requirements. For purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking, and similar common or non-air conditioned space.
 - 2. At the owner's option, this same square footage can be used for fewer but larger guest units.

- 3. Also at the owner's option, the number of guest units and the square footage of the new building may be determined by this code's current regulations for new hotel/motel buildings on the same site instead of using either the pre-disaster or post-disaster buildback regulations.
- 1. The total interior square footage above base flood elevation of the reconstructed building may not exceed the square footage of the total under roof square footage of the previous structure. The square footage under roof means the area within the perimeter of the roof, multiplied by the number of stories that existed prior to the disaster, including stories below flood elevation.
 - (a) A property owner may request up to 30 square feet of additional space per room, through the special exception process.
- 2. If the additional square footage gained does not provide adequate space to meet building or ADA codes, additional space may be allocated for that purpose, with designs illustrating the square footage needed.
- 3. The owner may choose to reduce the number of rooms or increase the number of rooms but may not create more guest unit space than defined in Sec.34-3238(2) e.1.
- 4. This section may not be used to increase the number of guest units in a hotel that previously had 49 rooms or less to more than 49 rooms.
- f. *All buildings*. The new building must comply with all other zoning and development regulations except where compliance with such regulations would preclude reconstruction otherwise intended by Policy 4-D-1 of the comprehensive plan. Specifically:
 - 1. If the lowest floor of the rebuilt building must be elevated higher than the damaged or destroyed building to comply with current floodplain or coastal regulations, then the total height of the rebuilt building can be increased by the same amount.
 - 2. If a rebuilt building must be set back further from any property lines due to current requirements of this code, then the volume of the building so reduced can be rebuilt elsewhere on the site, including one or more extra stories on the building if in the opinion of the director there is no other suitable location to replace the volume.
 - 3. If current open space, <u>parking</u>, <u>landscaping</u> or buffer regulations cannot be met, those requirements may be waived_reduced through a written determination administratively by the director.

Sec. 34-3238. - Post-disaster buildback.

Owners of buildings or groups of buildings that exceed the density, intensity, or height limits for new buildings and that are damaged or destroyed by a natural disaster, including fire, tropical storms, and hurricanes, shall be permitted to replace those buildings at up to their existing lawful density, intensity, and/or height in accordance with Policy 4-D-1 of the Fort Myers Beach Comprehensive Plan.

- (1) Less than 50 percent damage. If the cost to repair the damaged building is less than 50 percent of the building's value and the repair is thus not a "substantial improvement" as that term is defined in § 6-405 of this LDC, then the following rules shall apply:
 - a. The repairs may be made without bringing the building into full compliance with the requirements of this code for building size, dimension, location on the lot, number of dwelling units or guest units, building type, or compliance with floodplain regulations.
 - b. The repairs may not physically enlarge the building either laterally or vertically, with the following potential exception:
 - 1. During the repair process, owners may wish to elevate lawfully existing dwelling units or guest units that do not comply with the floodplain regulations in ch. 6 of this code.
 - 2. To encourage this elevation, the director may administratively modify setbacks, open space, buffer, or height requirements to the minimum extent that would accommodate rebuilding the units in conformance with ch. 6 of this LDC up to their existing interior square footage, as computed in accordance with subsections (2)d.1. or e.1 of this section.
 - 3. However, if the combined cost to repair the damage and elevate the units exceeds 50 percent of the building's value, then all provisions of subsection (2) of this section will apply.
 - c. All repairs must comply with all current building, life safety, and accessibility codes.
- (2) *More than 50 percent damage.* If the cost to repair or rebuild the damaged building is more than 50 percent of the building's value and is thus a "substantial improvement" as that term is defined in § 6-405 of this LDC, then the following rules shall apply:
 - a. The building must meet the floodplain regulations for new buildings, as provided in article IV of ch. 6 of this LDC.
 - b. The building must meet the coastal construction requirements that apply to new structures and portions thereof, as provided in article III of ch. 6 of this LDC and in state regulations. Due to these requirements, habitable major structures and most minor structures that are damaged by more than 50 percent must be rebuilt landward of the 1978 coastal construction control line.
 - c. The building must comply with all current building, life safety, and accessibility codes.
 - d. *Residential buildings*. A rebuilt residential building may exceed the density limits for new buildings on vacant land, but cannot exceed the legally documented number of dwelling units in the building immediately before the natural disaster.
 - 1. All dwelling units legally existing prior to the natural disaster may be rebuilt, provided the total interior square footage of the rebuilt dwelling units does not exceed the interior square footage of the previous dwelling units. For purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking, and similar common or non-air conditioned space.
 - 2. At the owner's option, this same square footage can be used for fewer but larger dwelling units.
 - 3. Also at the owner's option, the number of dwelling units and the square footage of the new building may be determined by this code's current regulations for new buildings on

the same site instead of using either the pre-disaster or post-disaster buildback regulations.

- e. *Hotels/motels*. A rebuilt hotel/motel may exceed the intensity limits for new hotel/motel buildings on vacant land, but cannot exceed the documented number of lawful guest units in the building immediately before the natural disaster.
 - 1. All guest units lawfully existing prior to the natural disaster may be rebuilt, provided the total interior square footage of the rebuilt guest units does not exceed the interior square footage of the previous guest units. However, interior square footage in the new building may be increased by 30 square feet for each bathroom to reflect current code requirements for larger bathrooms, and any lawfully existing guest units that are smaller than the minimum sizes required by this code may be enlarged to meet the minimum size requirements. For purposes of this subsection, interior square footage excludes hallways, stair towers, elevators, open balconies, underbuilding parking, and similar common or non-air conditioned space.
 - 2. At the owner's option, this same square footage can be used for fewer but larger guest units.
 - 3. Also at the owner's option, the number of guest units and the square footage of the new building may be determined by this code's current regulations for new hotel/motel buildings on the same site instead of using either the pre-disaster or post-disaster buildback regulations.
- f. *All buildings.* The new building must comply with all other zoning and development regulations except where compliance with such regulations would preclude reconstruction otherwise intended by Policy 4-D-1 of the comprehensive plan. Specifically:
 - 1. If the lowest floor of the rebuilt building must be elevated higher than the damaged or destroyed building to comply with current floodplain or coastal regulations, then the total height of the rebuilt building can be increased by the same amount.
 - 2. If a rebuilt building must be set back further from any property lines due to current requirements of this code, then the volume of the building so reduced can be rebuilt elsewhere on the site, including one or more extra stories on the building if in the opinion of the director there is no other suitable location to replace the volume.
 - 3. If current open space or buffer regulations cannot be met, those requirements may be waived administratively by the director.